110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 3374

To improve the ability of small communities to coordinate with universities and design professionals in developing a vision to address their local needs.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

August 3, 2007

Mr. Space introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture

A BILL

To improve the ability of small communities to coordinate with universities and design professionals in developing a vision to address their local needs.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Small Community
- 5 Visioning Improvement Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Small communities are vital components of
- 9 the nation's economic, social, agricultural, historic,
- and cultural fabric.

- 1 (2) Our national character has been shaped by 2 and is forever tied to the landscape in and sur-3 rounding small communities.
 - (3) A growing number of small communities are facing significant challenges that place their long-term viability at risk, including economic hardship, declining population, eroding tax bases, and environmental pressures.
 - (4) Revitalizing and strengthening small communities begins by helping residents of those communities to articulate and formalize their vision for the future and to develop an action plan to achieve that vision, including in the areas of economic development, agriculture, tourism, transportation, land use, education, recreation, and culture, and by understanding the amenity characteristics of land-scapes.
 - (5) In many cases, a community's vision for the future is rooted in and inseparable from the land-scape, including the natural and built environments.
 - (6) Landscape architects have the education, training, and skills, including in the areas of community involvement and public participation, land use planning, design, project visualization techniques, scenic resource assessment, mapping and Ge-

- 1 ographic Information Systems (GIS), environmental 2 analysis, and environmental psychology, that ideally 3 qualify them to lead community visioning efforts.
 - (7) Expanding Federal support for small community visioning is an investment in the future of small communities and will leverage additional public and private sector participation in such efforts.
- 8 (8) Successful community visioning efforts have 9 yielded tangible results with regard to the enhance-10 ment of transportation corridors, economic develop-11 ment initiatives, land use policies, conservation of 12 natural and community resources, community mas-13 ter plans, and park and recreation plans.

14 SEC. 3. COMMUNITY VISIONING PILOT INITIATIVE.

- 15 (a) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are 16 to—
- 17 (1) develop and facilitate innovative visions that 18 help small communities to address pressing local 19 needs;
- 20 (2) facilitate coordination between small communities, land-grant and other universities, and de-22 sign professionals;
- 23 (3) encourage public-private partnerships; and
- 24 (4) translate the small community's vision into 25 images of design projects that integrate physical

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- planning and design techniques, with sustainable community action, at the appropriate geographic scale.
 - (b) Definitions.—In this section:

- (1) The term "small community visioning process" means the process described in subsection (c)(2).
 - (2) The term "small community" means a political subdivision of a State with a population less than 25,000 individuals, an Indian tribe (as defined by section 2(7) of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act), a native Hawaiian organization (as defined by paragraph (11) of such section), or an Alaskan native village (as defined by section 3(c) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act).
 - (3) The term "design professional" means a landscape architect licensed pursuant to State law or other individual with demonstrated skills, training, and education in community involvement and public participation, land use planning, design, project visualization techniques, scenic resource management, mapping and Geographic Information Systems (GIS), environmental analysis, and environmental psychology.

- 1 (4) The term "eligible grant recipient" means a 2 small community, a land grant university or college 3 established pursuant to the Morrill Act, an institu-4 tion of higher education (as defined in section 101 5 of the Higher Education Act of 1965), or an eco-6 nomic or community development entity authorized 7 by a State or political subdivision of a State.
 - (5) The term "construction documents" means technical documents, drawings, and designs which contain dimensions, measurements, material specifications, and other technical information necessary to complete design plans.
 - (6) The term "Department" means the Department of Agriculture.
 - (7) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(c) Grant Authority.—

- (1) In general.—The Secretary shall make grants to eligible grant recipients for the purposes of carrying out small community visioning processes.
- (2) SMALL COMMUNITY VISIONING PROCESS.— In order to be eligible for a grant under this section, the applicant must use a small community visioning process that includes the following:

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- 1 (A) SOLICITING AND ORGANIZING PUBLIC
 2 PARTICIPATION.—The broadest segment of the
 3 public is invited to participate, and the process
 4 is structured to maximize participation and
 5 maintain efficiency.
 - (B) NEEDS DETERMINATION.—The small community determines whether the community requires assistance through this process with a broad-based needs assessment or whether it has identified a specific need through a prior community-based process that the community wants to address through the small community visioning process. Needs may include the areas of economic development, transportation, land use, agriculture, and the natural, cultural, and aesthetic values of the community.
 - (C) DEVELOPING DESIGN OPTIONS.—Members of the community engage in a series of discussions to articulate their vision for addressing the identified need. Design professionals facilitate the discussions, help members of the community identify areas of consensus, and begin translating the vision into images, including sketches, maps, digital images, computer simulations, and design concepts. The vision and

1	design options are refined in an ongoing dia-
2	logue until community consensus is reached and
3	physical designs for 1 or more projects are fi-
4	nalized.
5	(D) Implementation planning.—Design
6	professionals, members of the public, and others
7	develop and finalize a plan that describes the
8	specific steps the community would take to
9	achieve its vision. At a minimum, the plan
10	should identify—
11	(i) projects relating to that vision, in-
12	cluding projects the community can under-
13	take and complete with existing resources,
14	personnel, and funding, and projects which
15	the community could undertake and com-
16	plete only with the infusion of additional
17	resources, personnel, and funding;
18	(ii) government agencies, nongovern-
19	mental entities, and other potential part-
20	ners that could participate in implementa-
21	tion; and
22	(iii) possible sources of public and pri-
23	vate funding to achieve the vision.
24	(d) Application Processes.—

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1	(1) In general.—Not later than 60 days after
2	the Secretary issues final regulations under sub-
3	section (h), the Secretary shall solicit applications
4	for grants from eligible grant recipients. The appli-
5	cation shall include the following:
6	(A) A statement of the needs that the
7	small community would address through the
8	small community visioning process, or a state-
9	ment that the small community requires assist-
10	ance to identify such a need.
11	(B) A brief description of process the small
12	community used or will use to involve a diverse
13	cross-section of residents of the community in
14	determining the need.
15	(C) A description of how the applicant will
16	use the services of design professionals or uni-
17	versity programs with demonstrated expertise in
18	small community visioning processes in pro-
19	viding assistance to the small community.
20	(D) A description of how the applicant will
21	involve a diverse cross-section of residents of

(E) A description of the phases of the visioning process, the anticipated outcomes of

the small community in the visioning process.

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1	each phase, and of the visioning initiative as a
2	whole.
3	(F) A detailed budget for the visioning
4	process, including the contribution to be pro-
5	vided by the applicant pursuant to subsection
6	(h) or a request for waiver of such a contribu-
7	tion.
8	(G) A description of the steps the appli-
9	cant will take to—
10	(i) assess the effectiveness of the
11	visioning process in addressing the commu-
12	nity's need; and
13	(ii) integrate the findings of the needs
14	determination into ongoing efforts to im-
15	plement the vision developed pursuant to
16	this section.
17	(2) ALTERNATIVE APPLICATION PROCESS.—The
18	Secretary may establish an alternative application
19	process through which eligible grant recipients may
20	apply for funding sufficient to facilitate small com-
21	munity visioning processes in 2 or more small com-
22	munities without having to apply separately for a
23	grant for each community. The alternative applica-

tion shall include the following:

- 1 (A) A description of the applicant's capa-2 bilities to achieve the purposes of this section, 3 including a description of experience providing 4 the assistance described in this section.
 - (B) If the applicant is an institution of higher education or land grant university or college and has an accredited undergraduate or graduate degree program in landscape architecture, a description of the substantive role that the landscape architecture program will play in carrying out the purposes of this section.
 - (C) A description of how the applicant will use the services of design professionals and university programs with demonstrated expertise in small community visioning processes, in carrying out the purposes of this section.
 - (D) A description of the phases of the small community visioning process, and the anticipated outcomes of each phase.
 - (E) A projection of the number of small communities that the applicant could assist with the grant amount requested during the fiscal year in which the grant would be received, and with a proposed schedule for providing the assistance.

1	(F) A detailed budget for the activities to
2	be carried out by the applicant with the grant.
3	(G) A description of the steps the appli-
4	cant will take to—
5	(i) assess the effectiveness of the
6	visioning process in addressing each com-
7	munity's need; and
8	(ii) support community-based efforts
9	to integrate the findings of the assess-
10	ments into ongoing efforts to implement
11	the vision developed pursuant to this sec-
12	tion.
13	(e) Grant Award Considerations.—In making
14	grants under this section, the Secretary shall consider—
15	(1) the value of making grants to communities
16	of various population sizes;
17	(2) the geographic distribution of the grants;
18	and
19	(3) the value of giving priority to applicants
20	with well-defined community, private sector, and
21	university participation.
22	(f) Grant Amounts and Administrative Ex-
23	PENSES.—
24	(1) Amounts.—A grant under this section
25	shall not exceed—

1	(A) \$25,000, if the application for the
2	grant was submitted pursuant to subsection
3	(d)(1); or
4	(B) \$250,000, if the application for the
5	grant was submitted pursuant to subsection
6	(d)(2).
7	(2) Administrative expenses.—The Sec-
8	retary may use not more than 10 percent of the
9	total amount appropriated under this section for
10	each fiscal year to administer this section. A recipi-
11	ent of a grant under this section may use not more
12	than 25 percent of the grant for administration.
13	(3) Limitation.—A grant under this section
14	shall not be used to develop or produce construction
15	documents.
16	(g) RECIPIENT CONTRIBUTION REQUIREMENT.—
17	(1) In general.—As a condition of receiving a
18	grant under this section, the grantee shall con-
19	tribute, from non-Federal sources, to the activities
20	for which the grant is made an amount equal to 20
21	percent of total costs of the activities.
22	(2) Use of in-kind contributions.—The
23	Secretary shall allow a grantee to meet the require-

ment of paragraph (1) by making qualifying in-kind

- 1 contributions of such type as the Secretary may 2 allow in regulations.
- 3 (3) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive the re-4 quirement of paragraph (1) in the case of a recipient 5 who demonstrates to the Secretary's satisfaction 6 that the recipient is incapable of meeting the re-7 quirement.
- 8 (h) REGULATIONS.—Within 180 days after the date 9 of the enactment of this section and after opportunity for 10 public comment, the Secretary shall issue such regulations 11 as the Secretary deems appropriate to carry out this section.
- 13 (i) Report to the Congress.—Not later than 3
 14 years after the date of the enactment of this section, the
 15 Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture
 16 of the House of Representatives and the Committee on
 17 Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a re18 port that describes, at a minimum—
- 19 (1) the most effective practices and procedures 20 used to assist communities in the small community 21 visioning process;
- 22 (2) examples of the public-private partnerships 23 developed to identify and implement community 24 goals;

- 1 (3) examples of the tangible, physical outcomes
 2 of small community visioning processes funded
 3 under this section;
 - (4) recommendations for improving, strengthening, and expanding the program carried out under this section; and
 - (5) a list of all grantees under this section, the city and State in which the grantees are located, and grant amounts received by each grantee.

(j) Authorization of Appropriations.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—For grants under this section, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary not more than \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
- (2) RESERVATION OF FUNDS FOR APPLICATIONS TO ASSIST MULTIPLE SMALL COMMUNITIES.—
 Not less than 40 percent of the amounts made available to carry out this section for each fiscal year shall be made available for grants for applications submitted pursuant to subsection (d)(2).
- (3) AVAILABILITY OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
 Funds made available to carry out this section are authorized to remain available until expended.

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